Gowan, Miss Laura, testimony of, 1068; Union County: testifies in regard to making masks and dominoes, 1068

Graham, John, identified by Porter, 1558.

Graham, T. M., testimony of, 701; conservative, York County; merchant; execution of the law, 701; Roundtree case, 702; raid on 'the county treasury, 704; United States assistant assessor, 712; a meeting of citizens to put down lawlessness, 713.

Green, a colored man in Laurens who organized companies of negro militia, 1151.

Greenfield, W. K., resolution offered by, in tax-payers' convention, 498.

Greenville Railroad, legislation in regard to, a party measure, (Chestnut,) 466; the act lending the credit of the State to, (Joel Foster,) 822; corruption in passage of measure relative to, 828.

Greenville Railroad Company, game of, (Chestnut,) 463; stock sold at a low price, 465:

liabilities assumed, 470.

Greenville and Columbia Railroad, purchase, &c., of, 111, 112, 126, 127, 137, 152, 160, 161, 164, 165, 234, 235.

Greenville and Columbia Railroad, robbing of depot of, 149. Greer, Jason, accompanies Gist on his expedition to Chester, 1057.

Greer, Robert H., implicated in the raid on Union jail, 1122, 1137.

Greer, T. J., a former probate judge, who is called on to again fill the place, after Going is compelled by the Ku-Klux to resign, 1072.

Gregory, Frank, molested by negroes, (Shand,) 969; (Steadman,) 1013.

Griffin, Caleb, 314.

Griffin, Camp, identified by John Lipscomb, 667.

Griffin, William, a colored man, killed in the Laurens riot, 1149, 1313.

Gubernatorial canvass of 1870, temper and manner of, (Butler,) 1185.

Hailstock, Mr., outrage upon, 143, Hall, indicted for official misconduct, 1529.

Hambright, Abner, whipped by Ku-Klux, 213, 1478. Hamett, Lander, visited by Ku-Klux, 1023. Hammers, identified by John Lipscomb, 667.

Hammond, Paul, persons in employ of, assault judicial officers. 464.

Hampton, Gray, identified by Garner, 393; killed by B. F. Bates, 397, 850, 854.

Hampton, Wade, testimony of, 1218; democrat, Columbia; lieutenant general in Confederate service; secession, 1218; corrupt administration of the State government, 1219; negro suffrage, 1222, 1236; reconstruction, 1223; taxation, 1225; acts of violence, 1228; troops of General Sherman, 1231; proclamations by the governor, 1233; testimony of W. K. Tolbert, 1234; appendix; memorial to Congress; State taxation, 1239; democratic address, 1249; letter from Attorney General Chamberlain, 1250; testimony given of W. K. Tolbert on troubles in Abbeville, 1256; speech by General Hampton, 1260; views of General Hampton, 1262; manifesto from the South Carolina republicans, 1264.

Hardy, Jim, committed to Union jail for murder of Stevens, 1136.

Harmon, Dutch John, tickled at Genoble's being compelled to renounce republicanism,

Harris, Frank C., identified by W. K. Owens, 1370.

Harris, John, whipped by Ku-Klux, 897.

Harris, M., whipped by Ku-Klux, 920.

Harrison, John W., president of the Blue Ridge Railroad, 748.

Harvey, Joseph, abused by Ku-Klux, 678.

Hawkins, Barby, implicated in the raid on Union jail, 1137.

Hawkins, Drayton, whipped and robbed by Ku-Klux, 921.

Hawkins, Edmund, a white radical, 410. Hawkins, I. C., at Steen's Hotel the night of the raid on Union jail, 1089; testimony of, 1106; democrat, Union County; constable, 1106; denies being a Ku-Klux, 1107; testifies in regard to the second raid on Union jail, 1107.

Hawkins, Silas, house of, visited by Daniel Smith previous to visiting the Yellow House, where he was killed, 1036.

Hawthorn, D. G., trial justice, rule served on, by Judge Orr, for malfeasance in office,

Haynes, Jasper, identified by Garner, 393.

Hell-Hole Swamp, character of; purchased by the land commission, 830.

Henderson, Henry, testimony of, 306; republican, Spartanburgh County; warned by Skip Price, Esau Price, Thad. Splawns, and Earl Smith, 307; refugee in Columbia, 308; gives memorandum of Ku-Klux who threatened to kill him, 312.

Henderson, Middleton, invited to join Ku-Klux, 310.

Henderson, Sallie, whipped and house burned by Ku-Klux, 922.

Henley, James, testimony of, 564; conservative republican, Spartanburgh County; farmer; whipped by Ku-Klux May, 1871; required to advertise his principles, 564; white men do not feel safe to act, 566.

Hernandes, Harriet, (colored,) testimony of, 585; Spartanburgh County; visited by

Ku-Klux, December, 1870; again visited, May, 1871; whipped; also daughter Lucy: sleeping in the woods, 586; identifies Tom Davis and Bruce Martin and his two sieeping in the woods, 500; identifies from Davis and Diaco Diacon and Inc. 100 sons, 586; sufferings of the negroes, 587.

Hernandes, Lucy, whipped by Ku-Klux, 586.

Herndon, Dr., fancy ball at house of, 1061; masks for, 1069.

Herndon, Joseph, testimony of, 206-226; lives in Yorkville, and carries on a tannery;

the county is very quiet, and has been for a good many weeks; has heard of some difficulties among distillers and collectors; knows of no armed organizations in the county except from four to six companies of negroes, 206; houses burned in Yorkville in September; had a great many fires in the county after that; burning of gin-house and saw-mill; states circumstances attending the burning of four or five houses in a circle around the village, believed to have been fired at a concerted signal, 207; incendiary speeches at the meetings held by negroes, and their effect, 207-208; knows of no feelings of hostility among the people toward the Government of the United States; have had very bad officers in the county; has no doubt that men in disguise committed some outrages in the county, 208; thinks there is no organized band, but that bad men band together for the particular act they propose to do, 208, 209; robbing of a house by a band of organized colored men; pardoning power as exercised by the governor and its effect; thinks there is intimidation of democratic colored voters, 209; town guarded for fear of a general conflagration, 209, 210, 224; whipping of a negro by disguised colored men; belongs to the democratic party; organization of negro militia companies, 210; killing of Roundtree by a band of disguised men; alleged cause of killing, 210, 211; arrest and acquittal of the men engaged therein; Anderson Brown killed by disguised men; alleged cause of killing, 211; killing of a negro near the North Carolina line by disguised men; no arrests made; alleged reason for killing; negro by the name of Williams hanged, and the alleged cause thereof, 212; has heard of bands of disguised men traveling round the county and whipping negroes and some white men; whipping of White and Hambright, and the alleged reason therefor, 213; does not know that any one has been prosecuted for these whippings; several cases of whipping of negroes prosecuted, but does not know a single case of conviction; supposes there is a set of men who do organize themselves for the purpose of murder and whipping; thinks these acts of violence have generally been against colored men or white republicans, 214; has heard of their visiting men who kept little grog-shops; office of the judge of probate in Yorkville broken into, and ammunition taken therefrom, 215; meeting of citizens, and resolutions passed to the effect that the people of the county would do all they could to put a stop to all this thing, and the effect thereof, 216; incendiary speeches, and the purposes or motives thereof, 216, 217, 218; no one detected and punished for the incendiary fires that have occurred in the county; the people thought that the burning of those houses was by a regular organization; that the League had organized a party for the purpose of burning, 217; has heard it alleged that some men were whipped for their political views; this house-burning understood to be in retaliation for the descent upon the negroes by bands of disguised men, 217, 218; burning of Mr. Allison's buildings; number of negroes whipped in the county; these whippings calculated to produce retaliation, 219; has not known of any democrat being taken from his honse and scourged by disguised men; negroes visited by a party of disguised men supposed to be part whites and part blacks, 220; pardoning power as exercised by Governor Scott, 220, 221; testifies as to the safety of good and bad men from attack, 221; extracts from the Yorkville Enquirer read relative to the meeting for suppression of disorders, and the cards of Anthony Mason and Alex. Sturgis, 221, 223; states what he means by a "general organized band," 223; surrender of arms by the negroes, 224, 225; thinks the great bulk of the whipping was done after the burning and the disarming, 225.

Hickling, Hampton, (colored,) whipped by Ku-Klux, (Merrill,) 1474; testimony of,

1564; republican, York County; farmer; visited seven times by Ku-Klux, 1564; whipped severely; identified Thomas Nichols, John Nichols, William Jackson, and

Matthew Parrott, 1565; Sheriff Glenn, 1573. High, George, whipped by Ku-Klux, 922.

Hill, Rev. Elias, (colored,) testimony of, 1406; republican, York County; a cripple; whipped by Ku-Klux May 5, 1871, 1406: emigration to Liberia, 1410; his preaching, 1412; an account of whippings by Ku-Klux, 1414; his report to Major Merrill, 1477; his mother whipped by Ku-Klux, 1478.

Hill, J. P., wife of, whipped by Ku-Klux, 1409.

Hill, Lucinda, whipped by Ku-Klux, 1478. Hill, Lunney B., at Steen's Hotel, on the night of the raid on Union jail, 1088; implicated in the raid, 1136. Hill, Sol, compelled to renounce republicanism, 1407; his wife and children abused by

Ku-Klux, 1478. Hill, Thomas, a policeman at Union, the night of the raid on the jail, 978.